Spinzer Equities (Private) Limited

Audited Financial Statements

FY Ended 30 June, 2024



NASIR JAVAID MAQSOOD IMRAN Chartered Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of SPINZER EQUITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements **SPINZER EQUITIES** (**PRIVATE**) **LIMITED** (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2024 and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2024 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Director's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Board of directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on



the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) The Company was in compliance with the requirements of section 78 of the Securities Act, 2015 and/or Section 62 of the Futures Market Act, 2016 and the relevant requirements of Securities Brokers (Licensing and Operations Regulations), 2016 as at the date on which the statement of financial position was prepared.
- e) The Company was in compliance with the relevant requirements of Futures Brokers (Licensing and Operations Regulations), 2018 as at the date on which the statement of financial position was prepared.
- f) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

Nasir Javaid Maqsood Imran

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Imran Ul Haq.

Place: Islamabad Date: 07 October 2024

UDIN: AR202410163Hc5DaVC6U

SPINZER EQUITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE, 2024

		2024	Restated 2023	Restated 2022
ASSETS	Note		-(Pak Rupee)	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Property and equipment	4	3,055,040	3,755,672	4,377,111
Office building	5	28,071,391	31,249,285	34,427,178
Investment property	6	14,035,695	15,624,642	17,213,589
Intangible asset	7	3,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000
Long term investments	9	63,969,438	62,391,445	52,984,174
Long term deposits	10	2,540,000	2,540,000	2,640,000
		115,171,564	118,061,044	114,142,052
Deferred tax asset - net	17		-	· + +/
CURRENT ASSETS				
Trade and other receivable - net	11	30,924,341	31,398,529	21,135,889
Advances, deposits and prepayments	12	229,000	401,000	4,009
Short term investments	13	23,722,369	15,042,918	14,999,059
Cash and bank balances	14	27,064,964	3,576,834	13,184,388
		81,940,674	50,419,281	49,323,345
		197,112,238	168,480,325	163,465,397
EQUITY & LIABILITIES SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Authorized share capital		100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Capital reserve	15	94,968,380	94,968,380	94,968,380
Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI Revenue reserve	2.4	33,623,408	32,045,415	22,638,144
Unappropriated profit	-	33,046,162	26,035,743	23,471,784
		161,637,950	153,049,538	141,078,308
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Deferred tax liability - net	17		479,556	5,975,141
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Trade and other payables	18	35,474,290	14,951,230	16,390,306
· Provision for Taxation	10	33,474,290	14,231,230	21,641
	L	35,474,290	14,951,230	16,411,947
CONTENCENIOUS AND CONTENTS		55,177,270	17,731,430	10,711,747
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	20			

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

TREC-432 PSX

SPINZER EQUITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		2024	2023
	Note	(Pak Rupee)	
Revenue	21	27,524,342	16,605,332
Operating and administrative expenses	22	(24,050,821)	(18,022,988)
Operating profit / (loss)		3,473,521	(1,417,656)
Other income	23	4,103,390	(842,230)
Profit before taxation and levy		7,576,911	(2,259,886)
Levies	19	(1,024,274)	(908,439)
Profit before taxation		6,552,637	(3,168,325)
Taxation	24	457,781	5,495,585
Profit for the year		7,010,418	2,327,259

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

TREC-432 PSX

SPINZER EQUITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	2024	2023 Restated
	(Pak R	
Profit for the year	7,010,418	2,327,259
Other comprehensive income	*	
Fair value gain on unlisted equity instruments at FVTPL - unrealized	1,577,994	9,407,270
Total comprehensive income for the year	8,588,412	11,734,530

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

TREC-432

SPINZER EQUITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 Note

Balance as at June 30, 2022 - restated Balance as at July 01, 2022 - restated Restatement due to adoption of IFRS

2.4

Total comprehensive income for the year Profit for the year

Other comprehensive income/(loss)

Balance as at June 30, 2023-Restated

Total comprehensive income for the year Other comprehensive income/(loss) Profit for the year

Balance as at June 30, 2024

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer



Issued, subscribed and profit paid-up capital Unappropriated financial assets at profit profit Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI Total	Share Capital	Revenue reserve	Capital reserve	
46,109,928 - 46,109,928 - 12,638,144 14 23,471,784 22,638,144 25,563,960 9,407,270 25,563,960 9,407,270 26,035,743 32,045,415 7,010,418 - 7,010,418 1,577,994 7,010,418 1,577,994 7,040,418 1,577,994	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Unappropriated profit	Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI	Total
46,109,928 - 14 (22,638,144) 22,638,144 14 23,471,784 22,638,144 14 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 3,010,418 1,577,994 1 3,010,418 1,577,994 1 33,046,162 33,623,408 16		(Pak Rupee)		
(22,638,144) 22,638,144 14 23,471,784 22,638,144 14 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 26,035,743 32,045,415 15 7,010,418 - 1,577,994 7,010,418 1,577,994 1,577,994 33,046,162 33,623,408 16	94,968,380	46,109,928	1	141,078,308
23,471,784 22,638,144 14 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 26,035,743 32,045,415 15 7,010,418 - 1,577,994 1,577,994 1,577,994 1,577,994 1,577,994	1	(22,638,144)		
2,563,960 2,563,960 2,563,960 2,6035,743 26,035,743 32,045,415 1,577,994 7,010,418 1,577,994 7,010,418 33,046,162 33,623,408 16	94,968,380	23,471,784	22,638,144	141,078,308
2,563,960 9,407,270 1 2,563,960 9,407,270 1 26,035,743 32,045,415 15 7,010,418	1	2,563,960		2,563,960
2,563,960 9,407,270 1 26,035,743 32,045,415 15 7,010,418 - 1,577,994 7,010,418 1,577,994 33,046,162 33,623,408 16	,	1	9,407,270	9,407,270
26,035,743 32,045,415 15 7,010,418 - 1,577,994 7,010,418 1,577,994 1,577,994 33,046,162 33,623,408 16	1	2,563,960	9,407,270	11,971,230
7,010,418	94,968,380	26,035,743	32,045,415	153,049,538
7,010,418 7,010,418 33,046,162 33,623,408 16				1
7,010,418 1,577,994 1,577,994 1,577,994 1,577,994 1,577,994		/,010,418	1 577 004	7,010,418
33,046,162 33,623,408		7,010,418	1,577,994	8,588,412
	94,968,380	33,046,162	33,623,408	161,637,950



SPINZER EQUITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Note	2024 (Pak Ru	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	(1 ak Kt	ipec)
Profit before taxation		7,576,911	7,384,084
Adjustments:			
Depreciation	4	711,632	726,078
Unrealized (gain)/loss on investments		(6,793,779)	(7,186,348)
Depreciation on ROU asset	5	3,177,893	3,177,893
Depreciation on investment property	6	1,588,947	1,588,947
Provision for doubtful receivables		4,724,123	236,700
Dividend income		-	-
		3,408,815	(1,456,730)
		10,985,726	5,927,354
Profit before working capital changes			
Trade and other receivable		(4,249,934)	(10,262,640)
Advances, deposits and prepayments		172,000	(396,991)
Trade and other payables		20,523,060	(1,667,708)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations		16,445,126	(12,327,339)
Short-term investments		(1,824,448)	(2,349,178)
Dividend received		-	
Taxes paid		(1,107,274)	(691,001)
		(2,931,722)	(3,040,179)
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities		24,499,130	(9,440,164)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of property and equipment		(11,000)	(267,390)
Acquisition of intangible asset		(1,000,000)	
Long term deposits		-	100,000
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,011,000)	(167,390)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			-
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		23,488,130	(9,607,554)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		3,576,834	13,184,388
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	14	27,064,964	3,576,834

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

TREC 432 TREC 432 TEPSY

1 CORPORATE AND GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Legal status and operations

Spinzer Equities (Private) Limited (the "Company") is a private limited company incorporated in Pakistan on January 02, 2014 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Repealed with the enactment of the Companies Act, 2017). The Company is a holder of Trading Rights Entitlement Certificate ("TREC") of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited and Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited.

The Company is principally engaged in the business of investment advisory, purchase and sale of securities, financial consultancy, brokerage, underwriting, portfolio management and securities research.

The geographical location and address of Company and its branch office is as follows:

Business Units Geographical Location

Branch Office 1st Floor, Chakdara trade Centre, University Road, Chakdara, Dir (Lower), KPK

Laison Office 1 Office # 1, Plot # 2F, Sangam Market, I-8/3, Islamabad

Laison Office 2 Office # 5B, 3rd Floor, Ittihad Plaza, University Road, Peshawar.

2 ACCOUNTING CONVENTION AND BASIS FOR PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act); and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act differ from the IFRSs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Act have been followed.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except:

- Investments in quoted equity securities (whether classified as assets at fair value through profit or loss, or at fair value through other comprehensive income), which are carried at fair;
- Investments in unquoted equities, measured at fair value through other comprehensive income; and
- Derivative financial instruments, which are marked-to-market as appropriate under relevant accounting and reporting standards.
- 2.2.2 The assumptions and estimates which are significant to the preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to accounting and reporting standards

a) Amendments to accounting and reporting standards that became effective during the year

There were certain amendments that became applicable for the Company during the year but are not considered to be relevant or did not have any significant effect on the Company's operations and have, therefore, not been disclosed in these financial statements except as mentioned below:

The Company has disclosed material accounting policies in these financial statements in line with the amendments to 'IAS-1 - Presentation of Financial Statements'.

There are certain new standards and amendments to the accounting and reporting standards that will be mandatory for the Company's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2024. However, these amendments will not have any significant effect on the financial reporting of the Company and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these financial statements.

2.4 Change of Accounting Framework

The accounting framework for the preparation of financial has been changed from Small and Medium Entities(SMEs) to International Financial reporting standards (IFRS) issued by IASB. This change has no effect on the measurment of assets and liabilities except the investment at fair value has been reclassified to fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI), resultantly the fair value reserve through other comprehensive income has also been reclassified from fair value gain through profit or loss as mentioned below:



	2023 Rupees	2022 Rupees
Increase in Unrealized surplus on remeasurement of investments measured at FVOCI	32,045,415	22,638,144
Decrease in Unappropriated Profit	32,045,415	22,638,144
Decrease in Profit and Loss and Increase in Other Comprehensive Income	9,407,270	-

2.5 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees which is also the company's functional currency.

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

Material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented.

3.1 Property and equipment

Initial Recognition

Items of property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation (if any) and impairment losses (if any). Cost includes expenditure that is direct attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Where such subsequent costs are incurred to replace parts and are capitalized, the carrying amount of replaced parts is derecognized. All other repair and maintenance expenditures are charged to profit or loss during the year in which the are incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation on all items of property and equipment is calculated using the reducing balance method, in accordance with the rates specified in note 4 to these financial statements and after taking into account residual value, if material. Residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. Depreciation is charged on an asset from the year when the asset is available for use until the asset is disposed off.

Disposal

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on asset derecognition (calculated as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit and loss account in the year in which the asset is derecognized.

Judgments and estimates

The useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed on a regular basis. The effect of any changes in estimate is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Impairment

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Change in estimate

The Company reviews useful lives of property and equipment on a regular basis. Any change in estimates in future years which might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property and equipment with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment loss. Further, management also on a year basis reviews the carrying amounts of certain classes of property and equipment which are carried at revalued amounts. Any change in estimate in future years which might affect the carrying amount of these classes with a corresponding effect on the surplus on revaluation of property and equipment, related deferred tax liability and related charge of incremental depreciation.

3.2 Intangible Asset - Acquired

TREC Certificate and PMEX Certificate

These are stated at cost less impairment losses (if any). Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Trading Right Entitlement Certificates and Membership Card have indefinite useful life and accordingly are not amortized however, these are tested for impairment only. Impairment loss is recognized in profit and loss account.

Judgments and estimates

The useful lives, residual values and amortization method are reviewed on a regular basis. The effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

3.3 Investment property

Recognition and Measurement

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, including property under construction for such purposes, is measured initially at its cost, including transaction costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property whose fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort on an ongoing basis after initial recognition are measured at fair value, at each reporting date. The changes in fair

value recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Any other investment property (whose fair value cannot be measured reliably without undue cost or effort) is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment loss.

Judgments and estimates

The useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed on a regular basis. The effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Further, determining adjustments for any differences in nature, location and condition of the investment property involves significant judgment.

3.4 Financial assets and liabilities

3.4.1 Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

a) Amortized cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows, where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets, impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses, and gain or loss arising on derecognition are recognised directly in statement of profit or loss.

b) Fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Fair value through profit or loss

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income or assets that are designated at fair value through profit or loss using fair value option, are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on debt instrument that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognized in profit or loss in the year in which it arises

Financial assets are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently remeasured to fair value, amortised cost or cost as the case may be. Any gain or loss on the recognition and de-recognition of the financial assets and liabilities is included in the profit or loss for the period in which it arises.

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investment in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

All purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date which is the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the financial asset.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

3.4.2 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities at amortised cost are initially measured at fair value less transaction costs. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective yield method.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange and modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

3.4.3 Impairment

a) Financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets. The Company applies general approach in calculating expected credit losses. It is based on difference between the contractual cashflows due in accordance with the contract and all the cashflows that the Company expects to receive discounted at the approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cashflows will include cash flows from sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

b) Non-Financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the statement of profit or loss.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value-in-use. Value-in-use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the assets. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (i.e. cash generating units).

An impairment loss is reversed if there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

3.5 Trade Receivable

Measurement

Trade receivable are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at cost less provision for Expected Credit Loss.

Impairment

A provision for impairment of trade debts is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debts. The amount of the provision is recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Bad debts are written-off in the statement of profit or loss on identification.

Judgments and estimates

Management reviews its trade debtors on a continuous basis to identify receivables where collection of the amount is no longer probable. These estimates are based on historical experience and are subject to change in condition at the time of actual recovery.

3.6 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax.

Curren

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Management yearly evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Levy

The amount of minimum taxes over and above tax chargeable on profits and final tax chargeable under the provisions of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 are recognized as levy.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences between the carrying

amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the year when the differences reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

SPINZER EQUITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Deferred tax is charged or credited in the statement of profit or loss account, except in the case of items credited or charged to comprehensive income or equity, in which case it is included in comprehensive income or equity.

Judgment and estimates

Significant judgment is required in determining the income tax expenses and corresponding provision for tax. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain as these matters are being contested at various legal forums. The Company recognizes liabilities for anticipated tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

Further, the carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and is adjusted to reflect the current assessment of future taxable profits. If required, carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits to allow the benefit of part or all of that recognised deferred tax asset to be utilized. Any such reduction shall be reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

Off-setting

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.7 Trade Date Accounting

All "regular way" purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on trade date, i.e. the date on which the asset is sold to or by the Company. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are those contracts which requires delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market.

3.8 Cash and cash equivalents

These are measured at cost which is the fair value. For the purposes of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise balances including cash in hand, balances with banks on current and savings accounts.

3.10 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved by the company's shareholders.

3.11 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognized at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

3.12 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognized initially at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received.

3.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount could be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Judgement and estimates

As the actual outflows can differ from estimates made for provisions due to changes in laws, regulations, public expectations, technology, prices and conditions, and can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to take account of such changes. Any adjustments to the amount of previously recognised provision is recognised in the statement of profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of cost of an asset.

SPINZER EQUITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is disclosed when the company has a possible obligation as a result of past events, whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence, of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or the company has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

3.14 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of any direct expenses. Revenue is recognized on the following basis:

Brokerage Commission

Brokerage, consultation and advisory fee and commission on securities and commodities is recognized as and when related services are rendered.

Income on bank deposits

Mark-up / interest on bank deposits and return on investments is recognized on time apportionment basis when right to receive is established using effective interest rate.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss as other income when:

- the Company's right to receive payment have been established;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the company; and
- the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

Others

Gain / loss on sale of investment is recognized in the year in which they arise.

Rental income

Rental income from investment property that is leased to a third party under an operating lease is recognised in the statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term and is included in 'other income'.

3.15 Borrowings

These are recorded at the proceeds received. Finance costs are accounted for on accrual basis and are disclosed as accrued interest / mark-up to the extent of the amount unpaid at the reporting date.

3.16 Fiduciary assets

Assets held in trust or in a fiduciary capacity by the Company are not treated as assets of the Company.

3.17 Related party transactions

All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at arm's length at normal commercial rates on the same terms and conditions as third party transactions using valuation modes, as admissible, except in extremely rare circumstances where, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors, it is in the interest of the Company to do so.



4 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

		Ow	ned		
	Office equipment	Computer	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Total
			(Pak Rupee)		
Cost					
Balance as at July 01, 2021 Additions	778,938	535,075	288,920	5,209,184 2,032,362	6,812,117 2,032,362
Balance as at June 30, 2022	778,938	535,075	288,920	7,241,546	8,844,479
Depreciation	*				
Balance as at July 01, 2021	205,781	353,758	106,249	3,075,502	3,741,290
For the year	57,316	54,395	18,267	596,100	726,078
Balance as at June 30, 2022	263,097	408,153	124,516	3,671,602	4,467,368
Carrying amount as at June 30, 2022	515,841	126,922	164,404	3,569,944	4,377,111
Balance as at June 30, 2022	778,938	535,075	288,920	7,241,546	8,844,479
Additions	-	210,000	57,390		267,390
Balance as at June 30, 2023	778,938	745,075	346,310	7,241,546	9,111,869
Depreciation					
Balance as at June 30, 2022	263,097	408,153	124,516	3,671,602	4,467,368
For the year	51,584	101,076	22,179	713,989	888,829
Balance as at June 30, 2023	314,681	509,230	146,695	4,385,591	5,356,197
Carrying amount as at June 30, 2023	464,257	235,845	199,615	2,855,955	3,755,672
Balance as at June 30, 2023	778,938	745,075	346,310	7,241,546	9,111,869
Additions	n	11,000	-	-	11,000
	778,938	756,075	346,310	7,241,546	9,122,869
Depreciation	***				
Balance as at June 30, 2023	314,681	509,230	146,695	4,385,591	5,356,197
For the year	46,426	74,054	19,961	571,191	711,632
Balance as at June 30, 2024	361,107	583,283	166,657	4,956,782	6,067,829
Carrying amount as at June 30, 2024	417,831	172,792	179,653	2,284,764	3,055,040
Rate of Depreciation	10%	30%	10%	20%	
Nate of Depreciation	1070	3070	1070	20%	

^{4.1} Depreciation has been allocated to administrative expenses.



5	OFFICE BUILDING		2024	2023
,		Note	(Pak Rup	ee)
	Opening balance		31,249,285	34,427,178
	Additions during the year		-	-
	Depreciation	5.2	(3,177,893)	(3,177,893)
			28,071,391	31,249,285
5.1	Building acquired at fair value against issue of ordinary shares of Rs 10 each. It	ts approximate area is	1339 Square feet.	
5.2	The rate of depreciation applicable is 8% per annum on straight line basis.			
			2024	2023
6	INVESTMENT PROPERTY	Note	(Pak Rup	nee)
	Opening balance		15,624,642	17,213,589
	Additions during the year		-	-
	Depreciation	6.2	(1,588,947)	(1,588,947)
			14,035,695	15,624,642
6.1	Investment property is rented out and is stated at historical cost.			
6.2	The rate of depreciation applicable is 8% per annum on straight line basis.			
7	INTANGIBLE ASSET		Α.	
	Trading Right Entitlement Certificate ("TREC") - PSX	7.1	2,500,000	2,500,000
	Trading Right Entitlement Certificate ("TREC") - PMEX	7.3	1,000,000	2 500 000
			3,500,000	2,500,000
7.1	These are carried at notional value. Notional values of these Trading Right million), as published by the PSX.	Entitlement Certific	ate is Rs. 2.5 million	n (2023: Rs.2.5
7.2	The Company has pledged/hypothecated Trading Right Entitlement Certificat a notional value of Rs.2.5 million to meet Base Minimum Capital (BMC) re	cate (TREC) of Pakis quirement.	tan Stock Exchange	Limited (PSX)
7.3	This is the purchase cost of Trading Right Entitlement Certificate of PMEX.			
8	FINANCIAL ASSETS OTHER THAN CASH AND BANK			
	Financial Assests Unlisted Equity shares	9	63,969,438	62,391,445
	Financial Assests Listed Equity Shares	13	23,722,369	15,042,918
	Financial assets at amortised cost			
	- Long term deposits	10	2,540,000	2,540,000
		11	20 024 341	31 308 520

DONG TERM INVESTMENT AT FVTPL - unlisted equity securities

Opening Balance Adjustment for remeasurement to fair value

- Deposits, prepayments and other receivables

- Trade and Other receivable - net

9.1 62,391,445 52,984,174 1,577,994 9,407,270 63,969,438 62,391,445

30,924,341

33,693,341

121,385,149

229,000

11

12

31,398,529

34,339,529

111,773,892

401,000

- 9.1 This include 60% (1,820,762 shares) which are held in a separate Central Depository Company Limited ("CDC") sub-account marked as blocked.
- 9.2 This represents investment in the shares of ISE REIT Management Company Limited. The shares are non-listed and there is no evidence of existence of an active market or transactions amongst the participants at an arms length basis. As an alternative approach, the break-up value of shares (calculated as per TR-22 issued by ICAP) of ISE REIT Management Company Limited as per their latest audited financial statements has been taken with adjustment for unobservable inputs related to percentage of assets of REIT stated at fair value and risk factors related to marketability of shares. The related deferred tax has not been provided on unrealized gain since the market value taken here is break up value as per accounts of investee and its real market value is not available however some recent transactions these shares privately have been made at below cost.

These shares are neither listed on any exchange nor are they actively traded. As a result, fair value has been estimated by reference to the latest break-up value of Rs. 21.08 according to audited financial statements of ISE REIT Management Company Limited for the year ended June 30, 2024 (2023: 20.56) or net asset value per share of these shares notified by ISE Towers REIT Management Limited.

				2024	2023
			Note	(Pak Rup	
10	LONG TERM DEPOSITS				
	Central Depository Company Limited		10.1	100,000	100,000
	National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited		10.2	2,240,000	2,240,000
	Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited		10.3	200,000	200,000
				2,540,000	2,540,000
10.1	This represents security deposit held with Central Depositor	y Company.			
10.2	This represents security deposit held with National Clearin 405,000 for regular trading and Rs. 1,035,000 for margin trace	g Company of Pakist	an Limited. Rs. 1	Million for trading	of futures, Rs.
10.3	This represents deposit held with Pakistan Stock Exchange I	Limited.			
11	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLE - NET				
	Clients			26,942,773	21,055,460
	Related parties		11.1	2,684,978	2,684,345
				29,627,752	23,739,805
	Add: Other receivable		11.2	8,850,295	10,488,308
	ridi. Other receivable			38,478,047	34,228,112
	Less: Provision for expected credit loss			30,170,017	51,220,112
	Customer		11.3	(7,553,706)	(2,829,583)
	Customer		-	30,924,341	31,398,529
			-	50,721,511	31,370,027
11.1	The aging of receivable from related party as at the reporting	g date is as follows:			
11.1	Not past due	9			-
	Past due 0 - 30 days			6,145	-
	Past due 31 - 90 days			16,427	77 - 12-16
	Past due 91 - 1 year			264,216	2,358,605
	Past due more than 1 year			2,398,190	325,740
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			2,684,978	2,684,345
11.2	This is the amount receivable against trading of securities in	all markets which is d	ue for settlement	from NCCPL.	
11.2	This is the amount receivable against trading of securities in	an markets when is a			
11.3	Provision for expected credit loss				
	Balance as at July 1			2,829,583	2,592,883
	Charged for the year			4,724,123	236,700
	3			7,553,706	2,829,583
10	ADVIANCES DEDOCITS AND BREBANAISMES				
12	ADVANCES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS Short-term and advances				
	- Advances to employees			229,000	269,000
	- Other advances			227,000	132,000
	- Other advances			229,000	401,000
				=======================================	401,000
13	SHORT TERM INVESTMENT AT FVTPL				
	Listed equity securities		13.1	23,722,369	15,042,918
				23,722,369	15,042,918
13.1	Fair values of these equity shares are determined by reference	ce to published price of	uotations in an ac	tive market.	
				2024	2023
14	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		Note	(Pak Ruj	pee)
	Cash in hand			3,978	25,040
	Cash at bank - Local currency				
	Current accounts			27,060,986	3,551,794
				27,064,964	3,576,834

15	SHARE CAPITA	L					
15.1	Authorized capita 10,000,000 (2023:		rdinary shares of PKR 10 eac	h	_	100,000,000	100,000,000
15.2	Issued, subscribe	ed and paid-u	p share capital				
	2024	2023				2024	2023
	(Numb	er)				(Pak Ru	pee)
	6,479,468	6,479,468	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, it cash (against fair value of the lease			64,794,684	64,794,684
	3,017,370	3,017,370	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, issu	ned for cash	_	30,173,696	30,173,696
	9,496,838	9,496,838	Total	balance	_	94,968,380	94,968,380
15.3	Shareholders hold	ding 5% or m	ore of total shareholding	•			
				Number o	f Shares	Percent	age
				2024	2023	2024	2023
	Mr. Liaquat Ali Kh	ian		1,592,235	1,592,235	17%	17%
	Mr. Jibran Ali Kha	n		3,793,079	3,793,079	40%	40%
	Mr. Safwan Ali Kh	an		3,474,634	3,474,634	37%	37%

2011 Thi shares early equal lights to vote, dividends and light to be

16 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Current

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

		35,474,290	14,951,230
Provision for Taxation		-	228,632
Trade payable	18	35,474,290	14,722,598

17 DEFERRED TAX LIBILITY

Deferred tax liability

17.1

The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income tax in the same jurisdiction, and the law allows net settlement. Therefore, they have been offset in the statement of financial position as follows:

1,300,135

658,263

Deferred tax asset		(2,190,575)	(820,579)
Unrecognized deferred tax asset		1,532,311	
		-	479,556
Elements of deferred tax			
Property and equipment		658,263	1,300,135
Investment in unlisted securities		-	-
Provision for doubtful debts		(2,190,575)	(820,579)
		(1,532,311)	479,556

All the change in deferred tax is recognized in statement of profit or loss.

	N	ote	2024 (Pak Ruj	2023 pee)
18	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
		8.1	29,212,063	11,633,870
	Income tax employees		150,021	108,710
	Other taxes payable		236,544	97,672
	Accrued and Other payables		5,770,805	2,882,346
	Levies payable 1	9 _	104,858	228,632
18.1	Trade payables include balances amounting to Rs. nil (2023: Rs. 1,823) due to related parti-	=	35,474,290	14,951,230
10.1	Trade payables include balances amounting to "Rs. III (2025: Rs. 1,825) due to related partie	es.		
19	PROVISION FOR TAXATION AND LEVIES			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		(228,632)	(21,641)
	Income tax paid during the year	_	1,169,823	701,448
	P. C.		941,191	679,807
	Provision for taxation for the period		(21,775)	-
	Levies	_	(1,024,274)	(908,439)
	Balance at end of the year	-	(104,858)	(228,632)
20	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
	There are no contingencies or commitments of the Company as at June 30, 2024 (2023: Ni	l).		
21	REVENUE			
	Commission Income Equity Trading		21,167,612	12,915,392
	Dividend income		6,356,730	3,689,940
		_	27,524,342	16,605,332
22	OPERATING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	_		
	Staff salaries, allowances and other benefits	10	7,092,734	5,253,036
	Director's remuneration		3,664,783	2,848,590
	Communication expense			
			266,204	212,757
	Entertainment		266,204 240,132	273,320
	Printing and stationery		240,132 47,250	273,320 114,030
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges		240,132 47,250 183,475	273,320 114,030 64,324
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges		240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges		240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges Travelling and conveyance		240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555 423,950	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580 346,080
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges Travelling and conveyance Legal and professional charges		240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555 423,950 695,975	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580 346,080 315,000
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges Travelling and conveyance Legal and professional charges Taxes, rates and cess		240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555 423,950 695,975 28,620	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580 346,080 315,000 12,420
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges Travelling and conveyance Legal and professional charges Taxes, rates and cess Fee and Subscription		240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555 423,950 695,975 28,620 559,610	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580 346,080 315,000 12,420 138,987
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges Travelling and conveyance Legal and professional charges Taxes, rates and cess Fee and Subscription EOBI Expense		240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555 423,950 695,975 28,620 559,610 215,550	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580 346,080 315,000 12,420 138,987 150,000
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges Travelling and conveyance Legal and professional charges Taxes, rates and cess Fee and Subscription EOBI Expense Software charges		240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555 423,950 695,975 28,620 559,610 215,550 188,070	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580 346,080 315,000 12,420 138,987 150,000 105,840
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges Travelling and conveyance Legal and professional charges Taxes, rates and cess Fee and Subscription EOBI Expense Software charges Repair and maintenance		240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555 423,950 695,975 28,620 559,610 215,550 188,070 248,850	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580 346,080 315,000 12,420 138,987 150,000 105,840 170,854
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges PSX trading charges Travelling and conveyance Legal and professional charges Taxes, rates and cess Fee and Subscription EOBI Expense Software charges Repair and maintenance Auditor Remuneration	2.1	240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555 423,950 695,975 28,620 559,610 215,550 188,070 248,850 250,000	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580 346,080 315,000 12,420 138,987 150,000 105,840 170,854 529,000
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges PSX trading charges Travelling and conveyance Legal and professional charges Taxes, rates and cess Fee and Subscription EOBI Expense Software charges Repair and maintenance Auditor Remuneration Utilities	2.1	240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555 423,950 695,975 28,620 559,610 215,550 188,070 248,850 250,000 473,202	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580 346,080 315,000 12,420 138,987 150,000 105,840 170,854 529,000 352,204
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges Travelling and conveyance Legal and professional charges Taxes, rates and cess Fee and Subscription EOBI Expense Software charges Repair and maintenance Auditor Remuneration Utilities Bank and other charges	2.1	240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555 423,950 695,975 28,620 559,610 215,550 188,070 248,850 250,000 473,202 4,844	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580 346,080 315,000 12,420 138,987 150,000 105,840 170,854 529,000 352,204 6,040
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges PSX trading charges Travelling and conveyance Legal and professional charges Taxes, rates and cess Fee and Subscription EOBI Expense Software charges Repair and maintenance Auditor Remuneration Utilities Bank and other charges Service charges	2.1	240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555 423,950 695,975 28,620 559,610 215,550 188,070 248,850 250,000 473,202 4,844 487,999	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580 346,080 315,000 12,420 138,987 150,000 105,840 170,854 529,000 352,204 6,040 390,560
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges PSX trading charges Travelling and conveyance Legal and professional charges Taxes, rates and cess Fee and Subscription EOBI Expense Software charges Repair and maintenance Auditor Remuneration Utilities Bank and other charges Service charges Misc. Expenses		240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555 423,950 695,975 28,620 559,610 215,550 188,070 248,850 250,000 473,202 4,844 487,999 1,342,461	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580 315,000 12,420 138,987 150,000 105,840 170,854 529,000 352,204 6,040 390,560 79,767
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges PSX trading charges Travelling and conveyance Legal and professional charges Taxes, rates and cess Fee and Subscription EOBI Expense Software charges Repair and maintenance Auditor Remuneration Utilities Bank and other charges Service charges Misc. Expenses Depreciation		240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555 423,950 695,975 28,620 559,610 215,550 188,070 248,850 250,000 473,202 4,844 487,999 1,342,461 711,632	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580 315,000 12,420 138,987 150,000 105,840 170,854 529,000 352,204 6,040 390,560 79,767 888,829
	Printing and stationery CDC trading charges NCCPL trading charges PSX trading charges PSX trading charges Travelling and conveyance Legal and professional charges Taxes, rates and cess Fee and Subscription EOBI Expense Software charges Repair and maintenance Auditor Remuneration Utilities Bank and other charges Service charges Misc. Expenses		240,132 47,250 183,475 913,085 1,245,555 423,950 695,975 28,620 559,610 215,550 188,070 248,850 250,000 473,202 4,844 487,999 1,342,461	273,320 114,030 64,324 263,230 504,580 315,000 12,420 138,987 150,000 105,840 170,854 529,000 352,204 6,040 390,560 79,767



SPINZER EQUITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

22.1	Auditor's remuneration		
	Audit Services		
	Annual Audit fee	250,000	100,000
	Non-audit services		
	Certifications for regulatory purposes	N	429,000
		250,000	529,000
23	OTHER INCOME		
	Income from Financial Assets		
	Fair value gain/(loss) on equity instruments at FVTPL - unrealized	6,793,779	(2,220,922)
	Fair value gain/(loss) on equity instruments at FVTPL - realized	379,530	69,646
		7,173,309	(2,151,276)
	Income from Non-Financial Assets		
	Miscellaneous income	724,496	707,216
	Allowance for expected credit losses	(4,724,123)	(236,700)
	Rental income	929,707	838,530
		(3,069,919)	1,309,046
	Total other income	4,103,390	(842,230)
24	INCOME TAX EXPENSE		
	Current tax		
	Prior tax	21,775	
	Deferred tax	(479,556)	(5,495,585)
		(457,781)	(5,495,585)

24.1 Tax rate reconciliation is not provided because of nil taxation due to tax loss.

24.2 Income tax assements have been finalized upto tax year 2023 under the deeming provisions of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

25 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amounts charged in the financial statements for remuneration to the chief executive, directors and executives of the Company as per the terms of their employment are set out in the table below:

	202	4	2023	3
	CEO	Director	CEO	Director
Short term employee benefits	Pak Rupee		Pak Rupee	
Managerial Remuneration Commission paid	2,400,000	1,264,783	1,499,944	798,940
	2,400,000	1,264,783	1,499,944	798,940
No. of persons	 1	2	1	1
No. of Executive employees		0	0	0



26 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

	2024				
	Amortized cost	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Total	
		RUP	EES		
ACCEPTE					
ASSETS					
Non-current assets	2.540.000			2,540,000	
Long term deposits	2,540,000	63,969,438		63,969,438	
Long term investments	-	63,969,438		03,909,430	
Current assets					
Short term investments			23,722,369	23,722,369	
Trade and other receivable - net	30,924,341			30,924,341	
Advances, deposits and prepayments	229,000			229,000	
Cash and bank balances	27,064,964			27,064,964	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	35,474,290			35,474,290	
		202	23		
	Amortized	II		77. 1	
	cost	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Total	
		RUP	EES		
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Long term deposits	2,540,000	-		2,540,000	
Long term investments		62,391,445	-	62,391,445	
Current assets					
Short term investments			15,042,918	15,042,918	
Trade and other receivable - net	31,398,529	-	•	31,398,529	
Advances, deposits and prepayments	401,000	-		401,000	
Cash and bank balances	3,576,834			3,576,83	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	14,951,230		-	14,951,230	



SPINZER EQUITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

27 CAPITAL ADEQUACY LEVEL AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure.

The Capital adequacy level as required by CDC is calculated as follows;

	2024	2023
	(Pak Ru	pee)
Total assets	197,112,238	168,480,325
Less: Total liabilities	(35,474,290)	(15,430,787)
Less: Revaluation Reserves (created uponrevaluation of fixed assets)	-	
Capital adequacy level	161,637,948	153,049,538

While determining the value of the total assets of the TREC Holder, Notional value of the TRE certificate as at year ended as determined by Pakistan Stock Exchange has been considered.

28 BASE MINIMUM CAPITAL

In compliance with the Regulation 19.2 of the Rule Book. of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited, every Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC) holder registered as a broker is required to maintain a Base Minimum Capital (BMC) in the amount and form as prescribed in the Rule on the basis of Assets Under Custody (AUC). The company has pledged TRE certificate and of shares of ISE REIT to meet this requirement.

		2024	2023
	Note	(Pak Ru	pee)
Trading Right Entitlement Certificates	7	2,500,000	2,500,000
ISE Real Estate Investment Trust shares		63,969,438	62,391,445
		66,469,438	64,891,445

29 Liquid Capital Balance

Sr.	Head of Account	Value in Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value	
No.		(Pak Rupee)			
Asset					
	Property & Equipment	45,162,126	45,162,126	-	
1.2	Intangible Assets	3,500,000	3,500,000	-	
1.3	Investment in Govt. Securities:				
	Difference between book value and sale value on the date on the basis of PKRV published by NIFT - Sale value on the date on the basis of PKRV published by NIFT	-	-	•	
1.4	Investment in Debt. Securities:				
	If listed than:				
	i. 5% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure up to 1 year.	-	-	-	
	ii. 7.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.	-	-	in a constant	
	iii. 10% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.	-	-	-	
	If unlisted than:				
	i. 10% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure up to 1 year.	-	-	-	
	ii. 12.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.	-	-	-	
	iii. 15% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.	-	-	-	
1.5	Investment in Equity Securities:				
1.5	i. If listed 15% or VaR of each securities on the cutoff date as computed by the	23,722,369	2,321,885	21,400,48	
	Securities Exchange for respective securities whichever is higher.				
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of carrying value.	63,969,438	63,969,438	-	
1.0	Investment in subsidiaries:				
1.6	- 100% of net value	-	-	-	
1.7	Investment in associated companies/undertaking:		_		
	i. If listed 15% or VaR of each securities as computed by the Securitas Exchange				
	for respective securities whichever is higher.	_		-	
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of net value.	1,505,000	1,505,000	-	
1.8	Statutory or regulatory deposits/basic deposits with the exchanges, clearing house or central depository or any other entity - 100% of net value	1,303,000	1,505,000		
1.9	Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house - Nil Haircut	1,035,000	-	1,035,00	
1.10	Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB - nil	-	-	-	
1.11	Other deposits and prepayments	-	-	-	
	- 100% haircut of carrying value				
1.12	Accrued interest, profit or mark-up on amounts placed with financial institutions or debt securities etc.: - nil	-	-	-	
	- 100% in respect of markup accrued on loans to directors, subsidiaries and other related				
1.13	Dividends receivables: - Nil	-	-	-	
1.14	Amounts receivable against Repo financing:		-		
	- Amount paid as purchaser under the REPO agreement.	-	-	-	
	- Securities purchased under repo arrangement shall not be included in the investments.	-			
1.15	Advances and Receivables other than trade receivables:				
1.13	i. No Haircut may be applied on the short term loan to employees provided these loans are secured and due for repayment within 12 months	229,000	229,000		
	ii. No Haircut may be applied to the advance tax to the extent it is netted with	-	-		
	provision of taxation iii. In all other cases 100% of net value				
			"		
1.16	Receivables from clearing house or securities exchange(s): 100% value of claims other than those on account of entitlements against trading	6,014,193	-	6,014,	



SPINZER EQUITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Receivables from customers			
	i. In case receivables are against margin financing, the aggregate if	- 1	-	
	a. value of securities held in the blocked account after applying VAR based			
	Haircut,			
	b. cash deposited as collateral by the Financee and			
	c. market value of any securities deposited as collateral after applying VAR based			
	haircut.			
	- Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through			
	adjustments.			
	ii. In case receivables are against margin trading, 5% of the net balance sheet value.			
	(Net amount after deducting haircut)			
	iii. Incase receivables are against securities borrowings under SLB, the amount paid			
	to NCCPL as collateral upon entering into contract	-	-	
	- Net amount after deducting haircut			
	iv. Incase of other trade receivables not more than 5 days overdue, 0% of the net	010.701		040.7
	balance sheet value.	818,791	-	818,7
	- Balance sheet value			
		24.420.224		
	v. Incase of other trade receivables are overdue, or 5 days or more, the aggregate of	26,420,336	8,146,452	8,146,4
	a. the market value of securities purchased for customers and held in sub-accounts			
	after applying VAR based haircuts,			
	b. cash deposited as collateral by the respective customer and			
	c. the market value of securities held as collateral after applying VAR based			
	haircuts.			
	- Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through			
	adjustments.			
	vi. 100% haircut in the case of amount receivable form related parties.	2,684,978	2,684,978	
18	Cash and Bank balances:			
	i. Bank Balance-proprietary accounts	90,309	-	90,30
	ii. Bank balance-customer accounts	26,962,893		26,962,89
	iii. Cash in hand	3,978		
19	Subscription money against investment in IPO/offer for sale (asset):	3,270	-	3,97
,				
	No haircut may be applied in respect of amount paid as subscription money	-	-	
	provided that shares have not bell allotted or are not included in the investments of			
	securities broker.			
	- Net amount after deducting haircuts			
20	- Net amount after deducting haircuts Total Assets	202,118,412	127.518.880	64 472 10
		202,118,412	127,518,880	64,472,10
iabi	Total Assets lities	202,118,412	127,518,880	64,472,10
iabi 1	Total Assets lities Trade Payables:	202,118,412	127,518,880	64,472,10
iabi 1	Total Assets lities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house	202,118,412	127,518,880	64,472,10
iabi 1	Total Assets lities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products	-	127,518,880	64,472,10
iabi 1	Total Assets Ilities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers	202,118,412	127,518,880	-
iabi 1	Total Assets lities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products	-	127,518,880	-
iabi 1	Total Assets Ilities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers	-	127,518,880	-
iabi	Total Assets Ilities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities:	29,212,063	-	29,212,06
iabi	Total Assets Ilities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables	29,212,063	-	29,212,063
iabi 1	Total Assets Ilities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings	29,212,063		29,212,06:
iabi	Total Assets Ilities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings iv. Current portion of subordinated loans	29,212,063	-	29,212,063
iabi 1	Total Assets Ilities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings iv. Current portion of subordinated loans v. Current portion of long term liabilities	29,212,063		29,212,06:
iabi	Total Assets Ilities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings iv. Current portion of subordinated loans v. Current portion of long term liabilities vi. Deferred Liabilities	29,212,063		29,212,06
iabi	Total Assets Ilities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings iv. Current portion of subordinated loans v. Current portion of long term liabilities vi. Deferred Liabilities viii. Provision for taxation	29,212,063		29,212,06
abi	Total Assets Ilities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings iv. Current portion of subordinated loans v. Current portion of long term liabilities vi. Deferred Liabilities	29,212,063		29,212,06
iabi	Total Assets Ilities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings iv. Current portion of subordinated loans v. Current portion of long term liabilities vi. Deferred Liabilities viii. Provision for taxation	29,212,063		29,212,06:
iabi	Total Assets lities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings iv. Current portion of subordinated loans v. Current portion of long term liabilities vi. Deferred Liabilities viii. Provision for taxation ix. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial	29,212,063		29,212,06:
iabi	Total Assets Ilities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings iv. Current portion of subordinated loans v. Current portion of long term liabilities vi. Deferred Liabilities viii. Provision for taxation ix. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements	29,212,063		29,212,06
abi	Total Assets lities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings iv. Current portion of subordinated loans v. Current portion of long term liabilities vi. Deferred Liabilities viii. Provision for taxation ix. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements Non-Current Liabilities: ii. Long-Term financing	29,212,063		29,212,06
iabi	Total Assets lities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings iv. Current portion of subordinated loans v. Current portion of long term liabilities vi. Deferred Liabilities viii. Provision for taxation ix. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements Non-Current Liabilities: i. Long-Term financing ii. Staff retirement benefits	29,212,063		29,212,06
iabi	Total Assets lities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings iiv. Current portion of subordinated loans v. Current portion of long term liabilities vi. Deferred Liabilities viii. Provision for taxation ix. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements Non-Current Liabilities: ii. Long-Term financing iii. Staff retirement benefits iiii. other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial	29,212,063		29,212,06:
iabi	Total Assets lities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings iv. Current portion of subordinated loans v. Current portion of long term liabilities vi. Deferred Liabilities viii. Provision for taxation ix. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements Non-Current Liabilities: i. Long-Term financing iii. Staff retirement benefits iiii. other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements	29,212,063		29,212,06:
abi	Total Assets lities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings iv. Current portion of subordinated loans v. Current portion of long term liabilities vi. Deferred Liabilities viii. Provision for taxation ix. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements Non-Current Liabilities: ii. Long-Term financing iii. Staff retirement benefits iiii. other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements - 100% haircut may be allowed against long term portion of financing obtained	29,212,063		29,212,06
abi	Total Assets lities Trade Payables: i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers Current Liabilities: i. Statutory and regulatory dues ii. Accruals and other payables iii. Short-term borrowings iv. Current portion of subordinated loans v. Current portion of long term liabilities vi. Deferred Liabilities viii. Provision for taxation ix. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements Non-Current Liabilities: i. Long-Term financing iii. Staff retirement benefits iiii. other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements	29,212,063		29,212,06

SPINZER EQUITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

OR TH	E YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024			
10	00% of Subordinated loans which fulfill the conditions specified by SECP are	-	-	-
al	llowed to be deducted. In this regard, following conditions are specified:			
a.	. Loan agreement must be executed on stamp paper and must clearly reflect the			
aı	mount to be repaid after 12 months of reporting period			
Ь	. No haircut will be allowed against short term portion which is repayable within			
	ext 12 months.			
	. In case of early repayment of loan, adjustment shall be made to the Liquid			
	Capital and revised Liquid Capital statement must be submitted to exchange.			
	Advance against shares for Increase in Capital of Securities broker:			
	00% haircut may be allowed in respect of advance against shares if:	-		-
	The existing authorized share capital allows the proposed enhanced share capital			
	Board of Directors of the company has approved the increase in capital	- X-3		
	elevant Regulatory approvals have been obtained			
	There is no unreasonable delay in issue of shares against advance and all			
re	egulatory requirements relating to the increase in paid up capital have been			
C	ompleted.			
e	. Auditor is satisfied that such advance is against the increase of capital.			
2.6 T	Total Liabilities	35,474,290	-	35,474,290
Ranki	ng Liabilities Relating to:			
	ng Liabilities Relating to: Concentration in Margin Financing:			
-	'he amount calculated client-to-client basis by which any amount receivable from			
	ny of the finances exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total			
	inances.			
	Concentration in securities lending and borrowing:			
	he amount by which the aggregate of:	-	_	-
	i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL			
	ii) Cash margins paid and			
	iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the			
n	narket value of shares borrowed	1914 P. E. T.		
-	Amount as determined through adjustment			
3.3 N	Net underwriting Commitments:			
(:	a) - in the case of right issue: if the market value of securities is less than or	-	-	-
	qual to the subscription price; the aggregate of:			
100	i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and			
	ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of			
	he securities.			
	In the case of rights issue: where the market price of securities is greater than			
	he subscription price, 5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting			
-	ommitment. b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments			
-	- Amount as determined through adjustment			
_	Negative equity of subsidiary			
_	he amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due		- 1	-
18	rom the subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary			
	Amount as determined through adjustment			
	Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions:			
-	% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means	-	-	-
	he difference of total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities			
d	enominated in foreign currency			
	- Amount as determined through adjustment			
3.6 A	Amount Payable under REPO:			
	C : WI	-	-	-
-	- Carrying Value			
_	Repo adjustment:			
3.7 R		-	- 11	-



SPINZER EQUITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		166,644,122	127,036,684	28,973,700
3.11	Total Ranking Liabilities	-	482,196	24,110
1	value of securities pledged as collateral after applying haircuts.			
r	market and not yet settled increased by the amount of VAR based haircut less the			
i	ii. In case of proprietary positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready	-	-	-
	securities held as collateral after applying VAR based Haircuts			
	naircuts less the cash deposited by the customer as collateral and the value of			
	market on behalf of customers after increasing the same with the VaR based		*	
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	i. In case of customer positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready	- 1	- 1	b -
_	Short sell positions:			
	ii. In case of proprietary positions, the total margin requirements in respect of open positions to the extent not already met	-	-	
h	securities held as collateral/ pledged with securities exchange after applying VAR naircuts			2 1 1 1 1
	positions less the amount of cash deposited by the customer and the value of			
	. In case of customer positions, the total margin requirements in respect of open	-	-	-
	Opening Positions in futures and options:			
	- Amount as determined through adjustment			
	he value of such security			
	- If the market of a security exceeds 51% of the proprietary position, then 10% of		- 1	
	- If the market value of any security is between 25% and 51% of the total proprietary positions then 5% of the value of such security		402,170	21,11
	Concentrated proprietary positions:	П	482,196	24,110
	- Amount as determined through adjustment			
-	deposited by the purchaser.			
d	deposited as collateral by the purchaser after applying haircut less any cash			
	n the case of finance/seller, the market value of underlying securities after applying haircut less the total amount received less value of any securities			

Calculations Summary of Liquid Capital

(i) Adjusted value of Assets (serial number 1.20)

(ii) Less: Adjusted value of liabilities (serial number 2.6)

(iii) Less: Total ranking liabilities (serial number 3.11)

64,472,100 35,474,290 24,110 28,973,700



30 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties include directors, major shareholders, key management personnel, senior executives and entities over which the directors are able to exercise influence. Transaction with related parties are on arm's length basis (except for where stated else wise). Details of transactions with related parties during the year, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, are as follows:

Name of related party	Nature of relationship	Transaction during the year	2024	2023
Muhammad Liaquat Ali Khan	Director / CEO		. •	-
Mrs. Maqsooda Liaquat	. Shareholder		•	-
Jibran Ali Khan	Director			
Muhammad Safwan Ali Khan	Director		-	-
Sheena Liaquat	Shareholder	Opening Balance	394,190	
		Salary received	300,000	300,000
			694,190	394,190

		202	24		
	Chief Executive	Directors	Others		Total
Purchase of marketable					
securities for and on behalf	1,121,506,686	7,411,480		-	1,128,918,166
Sale of marketable securities					
for and on behalf	1,118,886,805	7,456,591		-	1,126,343,396
Brokerage Income	122,831	2,045		-	124,876
	2,240,516,322	14,870,116		-	2,255,386,438

		2023		
	Chief Executive	Directors	Others	Total
Purchase of marketable securities for and on behalf	901,661,274	241,970	58,960	901,962,204
Sale of marketable securities for and on behalf	887,197,216	518,750	-	887,715,966
Brokerage Income	64,369	80	440	64,889
	1,788,922,859	1,790,563,259	59,400.00	1,789,743,059



31 INFORMATION REQUIRED BY REGULATION 34 OF SECURITIES BROKER REGULATIONS 2016

	2024	2023
Customer shares in the central depository system	28,220,775	28,174,497
Customer's cash in bank account - PKR	26,970,677	3,458,033
Securities pledged with financial institutions		V 15
Pattern of shares:		
Muhammad Liaquat Ali Khan	1,592,235	1,592,235
Jibran Ali Khan	3,793,079	3,793,079
Muhammad Safwan Ali Khan	3,474,634	3,474,634
Mrs. Magsooda Liaquat	318,445	318,445
Sheena Liaquat	318,445	318,445
Changes in shareholding:	N/A	N/A

Trade and other receivables are stated at estimated realizable value after each debt has been considered individually.

Where the payment of a debt becomes doubtful a provision is made and charged to the statement of profit or loss.

Aging analysis of amount due from customers

. Ig. Ig		0.770
Due not more than 5 days - PKR	818,791	9,773
Due more than 5 days - PKR	26,420,336	21,045,687

32 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including interest rate risk, currency risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

The Board has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are Risks measured and managed by the Company are explained below:

32.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market prices of instruments due to change in credit rating of the issuers or the instruments, changes in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of instruments and liquidity in the market. The Company manages the market risk by monitoring exposure on financial instruments and by following internal risk management policies.

Market risk comprises of three types of risks: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk.

32.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

- Fair value risk Presently, fair value risk to the Company arises from 'balances with banks' and TDRs which are based on fixed interest rates. As at December 31, 2023, the impact of increase / decrease in fixed interest rates by 100 basis points would not have a material impact on the profit after tax of the Company
- Future cash flow risk Presently, there is no future cash flow risk to the Company since no item is based on floating interest rates (i.e. KIBOR based). As at December 31, 2023, had there been increase / decrease of 50 basis points in KIBOR with all other variables held constant, profit after taxation for the year then ended would have no effect.

32.3 Currency risk

Currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into in foreign currencies. The Company does not have any significant foreign currency exposures.

32.4 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of or future cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. As at June 30, 2024, the Company is exposed to Investment in listed equity securities.

Sensitivity Analysis

The table below summarises Company's price risk as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 and shows the effects of a hypothetical 10% increase and a 10% decrease in market prices as at the year end reporting dates. The selected hypothetical change does not reflect what could be considered to be the best or worst case scenarios. Indeed, results could be worse because of the nature of markets and the aforementioned concentrations existing in Company's investment portfolio.

	Fair Value	Hypothetica 1 price change	Estimated fair value	1 increase /	Hypothetica l increase / (decrease) in P/L	1 increase /
June 30, 2024 Rupees	23,722,369	10% increase	26,094,606	2,372,237	2,372,237	-
		10% decrease	21,350,132	(2,372,237)	(2,372,237)	-
June 30, 2023 Rupees	15,042,918	10% increase	16,547,210	1,504,292	1,504,292	-
		10% decrease	13,538,626	(1,504,292)	(1,504,292)	-

32.5 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follows:

	2024	2023
	Rupees	Rupees
Long term investments	63,969,438	62,391,445
Long term deposits	2,540,000	2,540,000
Trade and other receivable - net	30,924,341	31,398,529
Advances, deposits and prepayments	229,000	401,000
Short term investments	23,722,369	15,042,918
Bank balances	27,060,986	3,551,794
	148,446,134	115,325,686

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (If available) or to historical information about counterparty default rate:

	Rating			2024	2023	
	Short Term	erm Long Term Agency		Ruj	Rupees	
Bank Alfalah Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	27,060,986	3,551,794	
ISE Reit Management Co. Ltd.	A1	A		63,969,438	62,391,445	
				91,030,424	65,943,239	

Due to the Company's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Company. Accordingly the credit risk is minimal. The provision for expected credit loss has been provided on customer receivables on the basis of risk profile as per note 11.

32.6 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Company's approach to manage liquidity risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its financial liabilities when due. Accordingly, the Company maintains sufficient cash and also ensures availability of funding through credit facilities.

The analysis below summarises the Company's financial liabilities (based on contractual undiscounted cash flows) into relevant maturity group on the remaining period as at the reporting date:

		Contractual Cash flows	Less than One Year	Between one to Five Years
2024				
	Financial Liabilities			
	Trade and other payables	35,474,290	35,474,290	
2023				
	Financial Liabilities			
	Trade and other payables	14,951,230	14,951,230	

33 RE-ARRANGEMENTS

The following rearrangements were made owing to change in accounting policy of recognizing minimum and final taxes as levy instead of current tax under the guidance for taxes issued by ICAP as per IAS 8 resulting in disclosing minimum taxes as levies without any restatement effect in prior years due to immaterial impact.

	This year disclosed as	Last year shown in
Taxation: Current and prior (2023:4,587,146)	Levies	Current Tax

34 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying value and the fair value estimates. The Company classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows: - quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1); - inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and - inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (level 3). The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement of a financial instrument is categorised in its entirety shall be determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of that financial instrument.

As at June 30, 2024

Level 1

Level 2

Level 3

Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss

Quoted Shares

23,722,369

Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

ISE REIT Shares-Unquoted

63,969,438

As at June 30, 2023

Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss

Quoted Shares

15,042,918

Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

ISE REIT Shares-Unquoted

62,391,445

35 CAPITAL RISK MANGAEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or issue new shares. The proportion of borrowings to equity at the year end was:

	2024	2023
Total Borrowings	The second secon	0=
	161,637,950	153,049,538
Total Equity	161,637,950	153,049,538
Gearing Ratio	0%	0%

36 EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

There were no subsequent events that may require adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements as at reporting

37 GENERAL

37.1 The figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupees.

 37.1 The figures have been rounded on a data of the figures have been rounded on a data of the figures have been rounded as a figure of persons employed.
 2024
 2023

 37.2 Number of persons employed. Average number employees during the year.
 13
 13

 11
 11

37.3 The corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary.

38 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These financial statements have been authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company on

04-10-2024

Chief Executive Officer

SIPUN